# California's Economic and Budget Outlook

#### **Legislative Analyst's Office**

CASBO Annual Conference April 29, 2008



www.lao.ca.gov

#### **Format of Presentation**

Economic Forecast
State Budget Picture
Education Funding Proposals
What Next?



# **Economic Forecast**



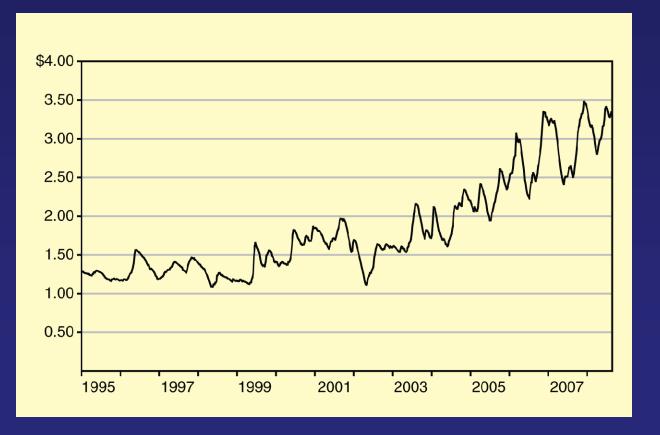
#### LAO Assessment of Economy— February 2008

- Economy Still Growing Despite Major Problems
- Big Risks...
  - Increase in energy costs
  - Downturn in housing market
- But Many Sectors Remain Strong
  - Exports, agriculture, energy, computers



#### California Gasoline Prices Have Tripled in Recent Years

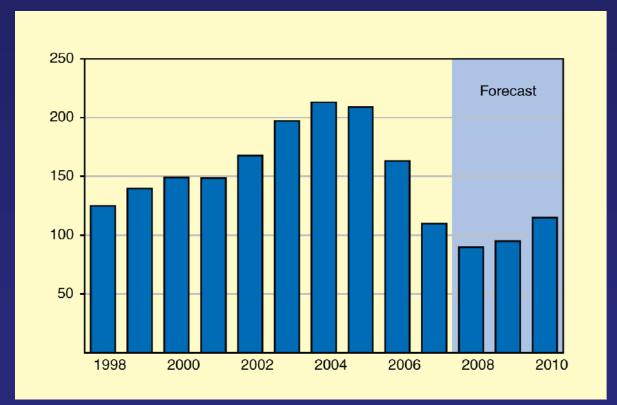
**Price Per Gallon** 





## Subdued Outlook for California Housing Activity

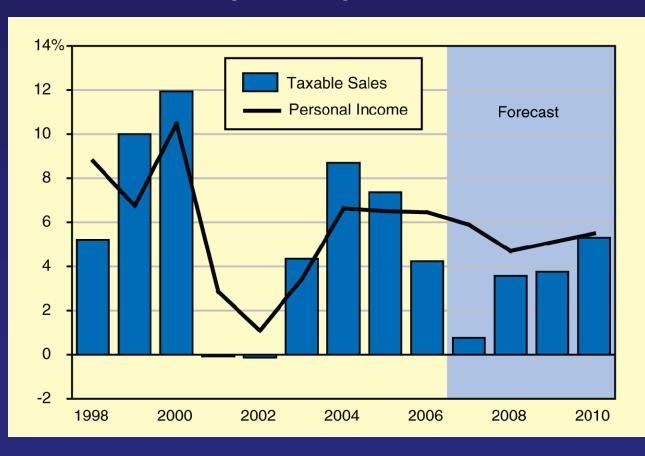
Permits for New Residential Construction (In Thousands)





#### Taxable Sales Growth to Trail Personal Income

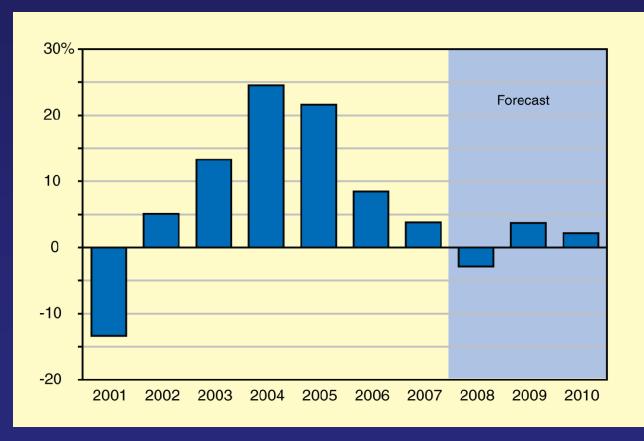
#### Annual Percentage Change





#### Weakness in California Corporate Profits Expected

#### Annual Percentage Change





#### Update April 2008: Overall Economic Picture Worsening

Signs of Softening Economy
 Revenue receipts trailing estimates
 Unemployment rates increasing
 Problems with housing market continue

 State Revenue Forecasts May Need
 to be Significantly Reduced



#### Housing Is A Key Variable

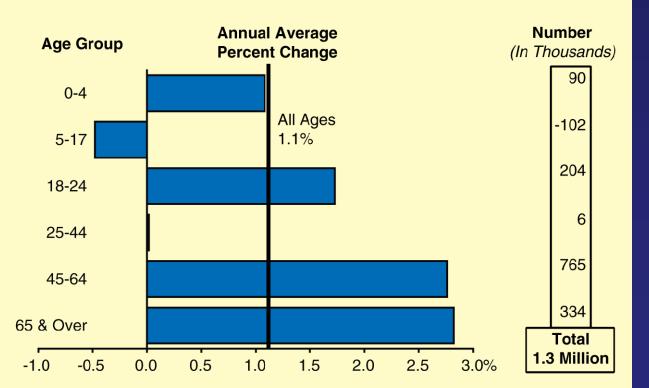
 Problems Created by "Subprime" Loans are Peaking
 150,000 Variable Rate Loans Will "Reset" in 2008
 Only About 70,000 Homes Will Reset in 2009

Ripple Effects for Next Several Years



## California's Population Outlook By Age Group

Population Change, 2008 Through 2010





#### How Does a Downturn in the Economy Affect the Education Budget?

 Proposition 98 Formulas Drive Off of Changes in: General Fund Revenues Per Capita Personal Income K-12 Average Daily Attendance
 Lower Growth Rates Generally Result in a Lower Proposition 98 Annual Funding Requirement



#### How Does a Downturn in the Economy Affect the Education Budget? (Cont.)

Lower Local Property Tax Revenues Mean Greater State General Fund Obligation for Schools

Makes state budget crunch more difficult

#### K-12 COLA Based on Inflation in Government Costs

**Rising gasoline prices can have big effect** 



# **State Budget Picture**



# Key LAO Findings on the Governor's January Budget

February LAO Forecast: Lower Revenues of \$1.5 Billion

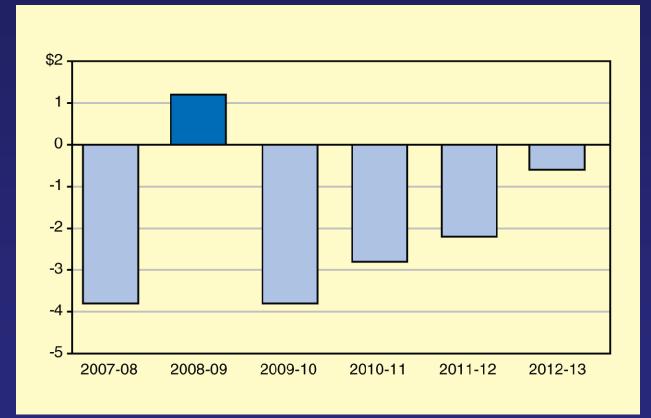
Larger Budget Problem—\$16 Billion

Failure to Set Priorities



#### **Operating Shortfalls Return After 2008-09 Under Governor's Budget**

#### General Fund (In Billions)





## Structural Budget Deficit Defies Easy Solution

- Chronic Budget Deficit Since 2001-02
- No Consensus on Program Cuts or Higher Taxes
- 2008-09 Budget: Chronic Deficit Plus a Slowdown in the Economy



### **February Special Session Actions**

 February Actions Reduce Deficit by About \$8 Billion; \$8 Billion Problem Remains.
 Actions Include: Issuance of \$3.3 billion in additional debt Delay in supplemental debt payments Capturing unspent education funds Reducing Medi-Cal rates by 10 percent



## LAO Alternative Budget Approach

 Targeted Approach to Spending Reductions
 Balanced Approach Includes Revenues
 Balanced Budget Through 2012-13



#### Add Revenues in a Reasonable Manner

Reduce or Eliminate 12 Tax Credits, Deductions, and Exemptions

**Reduce dependent credit** 

Limit R&D credit and NOL carryforwards

No Broad-Based Tax Rate Increases



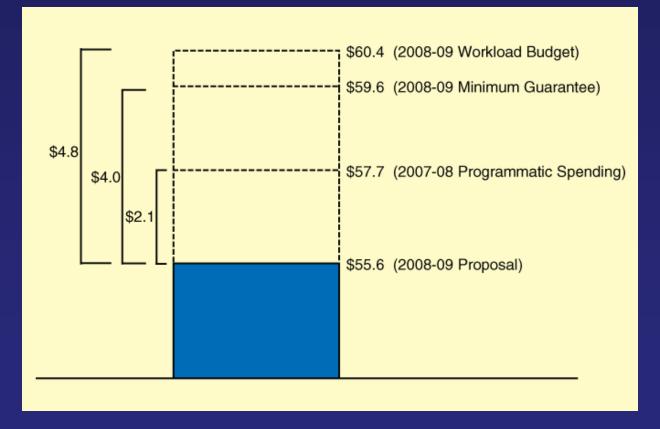
# Education Funding Proposals





#### Three Perspectives on the Governor's Proposition 98 Reductions

#### (In Billions)





### Governor's Proposal for K-14 Education

 Suspends Proposition 98 Requirement by \$4 Billion

Does Not Provide COLA and Reduces All From Current-Year Spending Levels Most programs experience 6 to 7 percent cut Revenue limits cut by 3 percent



#### LAO Alternative Provides \$57.7 Billion in Ongoing Proposition 98 Funding

- Restores Ongoing Funding for Ongoing Programs Supported with One-Time Monies
- Makes Growth-Related Adjustments
- Does Not Provide COLAs
- Fully Funds Ongoing Costs of Mandates
- Makes Targeted Program Reductions



#### Alternative Makes \$179 Million in Targeted Reductions

### Eliminates Programs That Are: Poorly structured Duplicative Experiencing declines in participation Technically overbudgeted



#### LAO's 2008-09 Proposal Assumes Further Reductions in 2007-08

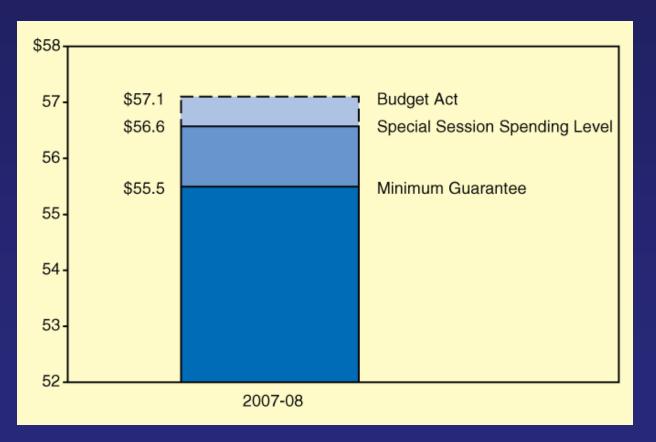
Continue to Recommend Reducing Proposition 98 Spending to Minimum Guarantee in 2007-08

Achieves greater budget savings while holding schools harmless from real cuts Lowers requirement for 2008-09, resulting in lower suspension



## **Current-Year Spending \$1.1 Billion Higher Than Funding Requirement**

#### (In Billions)





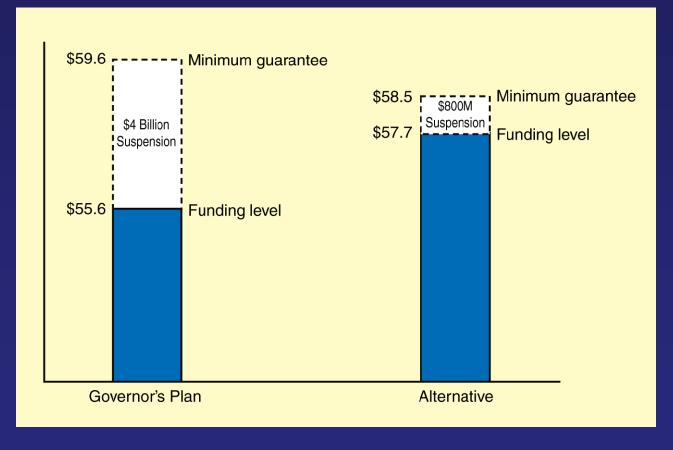
## Alternative Relies on Additional K-14 Savings

 Suspends Quality Education Investment Act in 2008-09 (\$450 Million Savings)

Funding core programs that serve all schools is higher priority than expanding new program that serves small number of schools



#### LAO Alternative's Funding Level Substantially Higher Than Governor's Level





#### Reform Package Consolidates 43 Categorical Programs into 4 Block Grants

(In Billions)

	2007-08 Amounts
Base grant	\$34.8
Special education block grant	3.2
Opportunity to learn block grant	3.1
Instructional improvement block grant	1.2
Total	\$42.3



## LAO Recommends Revising the K-12 COLA Factor

 Current Factor Not a Good Measure of Typical School Cost Pressures

 Overly influenced by changes in energy and construction costs

 LAO Recommendation: Focus on Inflation in Employee Compensation Costs
 Governor's Proposal Would Focus on Increases in Consumer Prices



# What Next?





#### Budget Outlook Probably Worse Than in January

Revenue Picture Is Uncertain

Revenues in January through March are down by about \$1 billion

April income tax receipts are unpredictable

Costs Likely to be Higher Than Estimated

Legislature Is Anticipating a Larger Gap



## **No Consensus on Budget Plan**

- Budget Committees Are Weighing Program Cuts
- Committees Are Making Some Cuts, Rejecting Others
- The "May Revision" Will Refine the Size of the Problem and the Governor's Approach



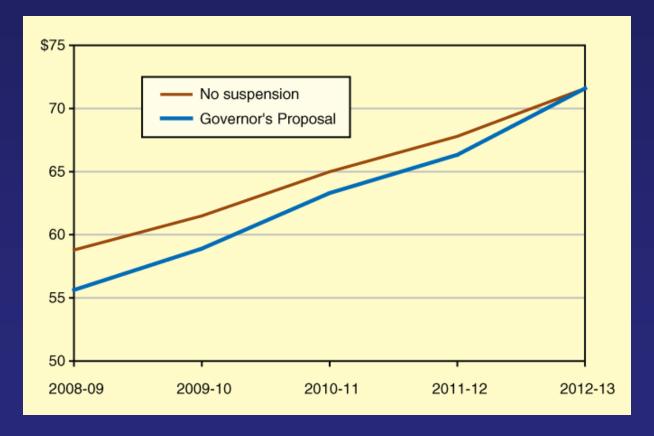
#### **Fundamental Debate Continues**

- How to Pay For the Services Californians Enjoy?
- Higher Taxes Affect Economic Growth
- Lack of Investment in Education and Infrastructure Also Affects Long-Term Growth



#### Short-Term Proposition 98 Forecast Depends on 2008-09 Spending Level

#### (In Billions)





#### New Discretionary Funds Still Expected in Out-Years

- Lower COLAs and essentially no growth in number of K-12 students projected for out years.
- Results in low "baseline" costs and new discretionary funds.
- Between 2009-10 and 2012-13, total of around \$8 billion in new discretionary funds.



## Thank you!

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